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- 1. A method of preventing or controlling cataract or cataract-like disorders in the eye of a mammalian subject which comprises administering to the subject an effective amount of one or more inhibitors of TGFS.
- 2. A method according to claim 1 wherein the one or more inhibitors of TGFS are selected from proteins, glycoproteins and proteoglycans.
- 3. A method according to claim 2 wherein the protein 10 inhibitors of TGFS are selected from antibodies and peptide growth factors.
 - 4. A method according to claim 2 wherein the glycoprotein inhibitors of TGFR are selected from α_2 -macroglobulin, laminin and collagen.
- 15 5. A method according to claim 2 wherein the proteoglycan inhibitors of TGFS are selected from decorin, heparan sulfate proteoglycans and biglycan.
 - 6. An ophthalmological formulation comprising one or more inhibitors of TGFB in an ophthalmologically acceptable carrier but excluding conventional

pharmaceutically acceptable carriers.

- 7. An ophthalmological formulation according to claim 6 wherein the inhibitors of TGFS are as defined in claim 2, 3, 4 or 5.
- 25 8. A method of preventing or controlling "aftercataract" formation in the eye of a mammalian subject following lens implant surgery which comprises implanting in the eye of the subject a lens coated with one or more TGFS inhibitors.
- 30 9. A method according to claim 8 wherein the TGFS inhibitors are as defined in claim 2, 3, 4 or 5.
 - 10. A lens implant coated with one or more TGFS inhibitors.
- 11 A lens implant according to claim 10 coated with one of more TGFS inhibitors as defined in claim 2, 3, 4 or 5.
 - 12. The use of inhibitors of TGFS in the manufacture of an ophthalmological formulation for preventing or controlling cataract or cataract-like disorders.



- 25 - 13. Use according to claim 12 wherein the TGFS inhibitors are as defined in claim 2, 3, 4 or 5.

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